Amended and Restated Bylaws of

Southern California World Service of AFG, Inc.

A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation

Effective as of 07/25/2026

ARTICLE 1 CORPORATE NAME

Section 1.1 Name

The name of this corporation is Southern California World Service of AFG, Inc. (The Corporation).

ARTICLE 2 PURPOSES

Section 2.1 General Purpose

The Corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation and is not organized for the private gain of any person. It is organized under the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law ("CA Code") for charitable purposes.

Section 2.2 Specific Purpose

The purposes for which the Corporation was formed, as set forth in its Certificate of Incorporation, are: "To encourage, assist and serve the families and friends of alcoholics in dealing with the problems concerning and attendant on alcoholism; to reinforce their efforts to understand the alcoholic and to foster his or her restoration to normal life; to disseminate information in relation thereto and to conduct, and participate in, any other classes of service to assist families and friends of alcoholics in dealing with their problems."

ARTICLE 3 LIMITATIONS

Section 3.1 Political Activities

No substantial part of the activities of the Corporation shall consist of carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation, and the Corporation shall not participate in or intervene in any political campaign (including the publishing or distribution of statements) on behalf of, or in opposition to, any candidate for public office.

Section 3.2 Prohibited Activities

The Corporation shall not, except in any insubstantial degree, engage in any activities or exercise any powers that are not in furtherance of the purposes described in Article 2. The Corporation may not carry on any activity for the profit of its Officers, Directors, or other private persons or distribute any gains, profits, or dividends to its Officers, Directors, or other such persons. Furthermore, nothing in Article 2 shall be construed as allowing the Corporation to engage in any activity not permitted to be carried on (i) by a corporation exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of

1986, as amended (the “Code”) or (ii) by a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under section 170(c)(2) of the Code.

ARTICLE 4 DEDICATION OF ASSETS

Section 4.1 Property Dedicated to Nonprofit Purposes

The property of the Corporation is irrevocably dedicated to charitable purposes. No part of the net income or assets of the Corporation shall ever inure to the benefit of any of its Directors or Officers, or to the benefit of any private person, except that the Corporation is authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in Article 2 hereof.

Section 4.2 Distribution of Assets upon Dissolution

Upon the dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, its assets remaining after payment, or provision for payment, of all debts and liabilities of the Corporation shall be distributed to Al-Anon Family Group Headquarters, Inc., or if that organization is no longer in existence, then a nonprofit fund, foundation, or corporation which is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and which has established its tax exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

ARTICLE 5 MEMBERSHIPS

Section 5.1 Members

The Corporation has no members.

ARTICLE 6 DIRECTORS

Section 6.1 Directors

The Board of Directors shall control and manage the affairs of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Board of Directors shall have the following responsibilities:

To maintain a record of the Area policies;

To administer and manage the finances of the Area;

To authorize expenditures;

To elect the next Board of Directors of the Corporation*;*

To take such measures as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Corporation;

Any Director having any financial interest in any contract or transaction requiring authorization by the Board of Directors shall not vote on the matter.

Section 6.2 Number and Qualifications

6.2.1 Number

The authorized number of directors of the Corporation (“Directors”) shall be not less than five or more than eight; the exact authorized number to be fixed, within these limits, by resolution of the Board.

6.2.2 Qualifications

Each Director must reside within the Area of California-South, as defined by the Area perimeters of the World Service Office of AFG, Inc., be an active member of Al-Anon, have service experience beyond the Group level, served as a District Representative for a minimum of eighteen months, and have at least five (5) years of continuous Al-Anon participation (“Qualifications”).

Section 6.3 Corporate Powers Exercised by Board

Subject to the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation (the “Articles”), California Law, and any other applicable laws, the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed, and all corporate powers shall be exercised, by or under the direction of the Board of Directors (the “Board”). The Board may delegate the management of the activities of the Corporation to any person or persons, management company or committee, however composed, provided that the activities and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised under the ultimate direction of the Board.

Section 6.4 Terms; Election of Successors

Directors shall be designated once every three (3) years by the Group Representatives at the Assembly of the Traditional Fellowship (“Designator”) as those elected to serve in the traditional capacity of Assembly Area Delegate, Alternate Delegate, Chairperson, Treasurer, Secretary, and Immediate Past Delegate. The Designator shall affirm such Directors to start concurrent with the beginning of the Area panel for a 3-year term. The Board may elect the designated Directors at its annual meeting. Each Director, including a Director elected to fill a vacancy, shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which they were elected and until the election and qualification of a successor, or until that Director’s earlier resignation or in accordance with these Bylaws and California Nonprofit Corporation Law.

Directors shall not serve for more than three (3) full consecutive terms.

Section 6.5 Vacancies

6.5.1 Events Causing Vacancy

A vacancy or vacancies on the Board shall be deemed to exist on the occurrence of the following: (i) the death, resignation, or removal of any Director; (ii) whenever the number of authorized Directors is increased; or (iii) the failure of the Board, at any meeting at which

any Director or Directors are to be elected, to elect the full authorized number of Directors.

6.5.2 Removal

The Board may, by resolution, declare vacant the office of a Director who has been declared of unsound mind by an order of court, or convicted of a felony, or found by final order or judgment of any court to have breached a duty under California Law.

The Board may, by two-thirds vote of the Directors who meet all of the required qualifications to be a Director set forth in Section 6.2.2, declare vacant the office of any Director who: (i) fails or ceases to meet any required qualification that was in effect at the beginning of that Director's current term of office; (ii) fails to attend two (2) Board meetings during any calendar year without a valid excuse*;* or (iii) engages in conduct that is detrimental to the Corporation, or violates the policies or bylaws of the Corporation. Before calling a vote to remove a Director, such Director shall be given an opportunity to address the Board.

6.5.3 No Removal on Reduction of Number of Directors

No reduction of the authorized number of Directors shall have the effect of removing any Director before that Director's term of office expires.

6.5.4 Resignations

Except as provided in this Section 6.5.4, any Director may resign by giving written notice to the President, the Secretary, or the Board. Such a written resignation will be effective on the later of (i) the date it is delivered or (ii) the time specified in the written notice that the resignation is to become effective. No Director may resign if the Corporation would then be left without a duly elected Director or Directors in charge of its affairs, except upon notice to the California Attorney General (the "Attorney General").

6.5.5 Election to Fill Vacancies

If there is a vacancy on the Board, including a vacancy created by the removal of a Director, the Board may fill such vacancy by electing an interim director as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs, who will serve until the next annual meeting. If the number of Directors then in office is less than a quorum, additional directors may be elected to fill such vacancies by (i) the unanimous written consent of the Directors then in office, (ii) the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors in office at a meeting held according to notice or waivers complying with section 5211 of the California Nonprofit Corporation Law, or (iii) a sole remaining Director.

Section 6.6 Regular Meetings

Each year, the Board shall hold at least one meeting, at a time and place fixed by the Board, for the purposes of appointment of Officers, review and approval of the corporate budget, and transaction of other business. This meeting is sometimes referred to in these Bylaws as the "annual meeting." Other regular meetings of the Board may be held at such time and place as the Board may fix from time to time by resolution.

Section 6.7 Special Meetings

Special meetings of the Board for any purpose may be called at any time by the President, the Vice President, the Secretary, or any two (2) Directors.

Section 6.8 Notice of Meetings

6.8.1 Manner of Giving

Except when the time and place of a regular meeting is set by the Board by resolution in advance (as permitted by Section 6.6), notice of the time and place of all regular and special meetings shall be given to each Director by one of the following methods:

(a) Personal delivery of oral or written notice;

(b) First-class mail, postage paid;

(c) Telephone, including a voice messaging system or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages; or

(d) Electronic mail ("e-mail") or other means of electronic transmission if the recipient has consented to accept notices in this manner.

All such notices shall be given or sent to the Director's address, phone number, facsimile number, or e-mail address as shown on the records of the Corporation. Any oral notice given personally or by telephone may be communicated directly to the Director or to a person who would reasonably be expected to promptly communicate such notice to the Director. Notice of regular meetings may be given in the form of a calendar or schedule that sets forth the date, time, and place of more than one regular meeting.

6.8.2 Time Requirements

Notices sent by first-class mail shall be deposited into a United States mailbox at least four days before the time set for the meeting. Notices given by personal delivery, telephone, voice messaging system, or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages, e-mail, or other electronic transmission shall be delivered at a minimum of 48 hours before the time set for the meeting.

6.8.3 Notice Contents

The notice shall state the time and place for the meeting; the notice shall be valid even if no place is specified. The notice need not specify the purpose of the meeting unless required to elsewhere in these Bylaws.

Section 6.9 Place of Board Meetings

Regular and special meetings of the Board may be held at any place within or outside the state that has been designated in the notice of the meeting, or, if not stated in the notice or, if there is no notice, designated by resolution of the Board.

6.9.1 Meetings by Telephone or Similar Communication Equipment

Any meeting may be held by conference telephone or other communications equipment permitted by California Nonprofit Corporation Law, as long as all Directors participating in

the meeting can communicate with one another concurrently and all other requirements of California Nonprofit Corporation Law are satisfied. All such Directors shall be deemed to be present in person at such meeting.

Section 6.10 Quorum and Action of the Board

6.10.1 Quorum

A majority of Directors then in office (but no fewer than three Directors or two-thirds of the authorized number in Section 6.2.1, whichever is greater) shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except to adjourn.

6.10.2 Minimum Vote Requirements for Valid Board Action

Every act taken or decision made by a vote of two-thirds of the Directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present is the act of the Board, unless a greater number is expressly required by California Nonprofit Corporation Law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Bylaws. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, notwithstanding the withdrawal of Directors from the meeting, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting.

Section 6.11 Waiver of Notice

The transactions of any meeting of the Board, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though taken at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if (i) a quorum is present, and (ii) either before or after the meeting, each of the Directors who is not present at the meeting signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding the meeting, or an approval of the minutes. All waivers, consents, and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

Section 6.12 Adjournment

A majority of the Directors present, whether or not constituting a quorum, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place.

Section 6.13 Conduct of Meetings

Meetings of the Board shall be presided over by the President, or, if there is no President or the President is absent, then by the Vice President or, in the absence of each of these persons, by a Director of the Board, chosen by a majority of the Directors present at the meeting.

The Secretary shall act as secretary of all meetings of the Board, provided that, if the Secretary is absent, the presiding officer shall appoint another person to act as Secretary of the meeting. Meetings shall be governed by rules of procedure as may be determined by the Board from time to time, insofar as such rules are not inconsistent with or in conflict with these Bylaws, with the Articles of Incorporation, or with any provisions of law applicable to the Corporation.

Section 6.14 Action without Meeting

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the Board, individually or collectively, consent in writing to the action and the number of Directors then in office constitutes a quorum. For the purposes of this Section 6.14 only, "all members of the Board" shall not include any "interested Director" as defined in section 5233 of the California Law or any "common director" as described in section 5234 of the California Law if such director abstains in writing from providing consent and the further requirements of section 5211(b) of the California Law are satisfied. Such written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the Board taken at a meeting. Such written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board.

Section 6.15 Fees and Compensation of Directors

The Corporation shall not pay any compensation to Directors for services rendered to the Corporation as Directors, except that Directors may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties to the Corporation, in reasonable amounts as approved by the Board.

Directors shall not be compensated for rendering services to the Corporation in a capacity other than as Directors.

Section 6.16 Non-Liability of Directors

The Directors shall not be personally liable for the debts, liabilities, or other obligations of the Corporation.

ARTICLE 7 COMMITTEES

Section 7.1 Committees of Directors

The Board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors then in office, create one or more Board Committees ("Committees"), including an executive committee, each consisting of two or more Directors, to serve at the discretion of the Board.

Section 7.2 Meetings and Action of Board Committees

Meetings and action of Committees shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of Article 7 concerning meetings of Directors, with such changes in the context of Article 7 as are necessary to substitute the Committee and its members for the Board and its members, except that the time for regular meetings of Committees may be determined by resolution of the Board, and special meetings of Committees may also be called by resolution of the Board. Minutes shall be kept of each meeting of any Committee and shall be filed with the corporate records. The Committee shall report to the Board from time to time as the Board may require. The Board may adopt rules for the governance of any Committee not inconsistent with the provisions by these Bylaws. In the absence of rules adopted by the Board, the Committee may adopt such rules.

Section 7.3 Quorum Rules for Board Committees

A majority of the Committee members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of Committee business, except to adjourn. A majority of the Committee members present, whether or not constituting a quorum, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place. Every act taken or decision made by a majority of the Committee members present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present shall be regarded as an act of the Committee, subject to the provisions of the California Law relating to actions that require a majority vote of the entire Board. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, notwithstanding the withdrawal of Committee members, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting.

Section 7.4 Revocation of Delegated Authority

Subject to Section 8.1, the Board may, at any time, revoke or modify any or all of the authority that the Board has delegated to a Committee, increase or decrease (but not below two) the number of members of a Committee, and fill vacancies in a Committee from the members of the Board.

ARTICLE 8 OFFICERS OF THE CORPORATION

PRESIDENT. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform all the necessary duties, exercise all the customary responsibilities, incident to the office of President, and shall appoint committee Chairpersons upon consultation and agreement of the majority of other Directors. The President shall have general supervision of all of the affairs of the Corporation and may serve in an ex officio capacity on all committees, and in that capacity may participate in committee discussions and may vote on committee matters.

VICE PRESIDENT. The Vice President shall assist the President, as assigned or requested, in the performance of the President's duties and/or the exercise of his/her powers. In the event of the President's absence or disability, the Vice President shall promptly call a special meeting of the Board of Directors for the purpose of determining whether the President's absence or disability prevents the President from serving in that office. In the event the Directors determine that the President is unable to serve because of such absence or disability, the office shall be deemed vacant, and the Directors shall elect a successor. Until such time as a successor is elected, the Vice President shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President.

TREASURER. The Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer shall be the financial officer of the Corporation and shall provide advice to the Corporation with respect to general financial policy and ancillary matters subject to such directions as may be given by the Board of Directors. The Treasurer may be an authorized signatory for the disposition of funds of the Corporation on deposit in banks and other holding accounts. The Treasurer shall be responsible for accounting procedures, security of funds, books of accounts, and financial records, and has general oversight authority respecting these matters.

SECRETARY. The Secretary shall record the minutes of all meetings of the Corporation, shall be the custodian of books and records of the Corporation, and shall perform such other duties as may be delegated.

Section 8.1 Officers

The Board shall have the power to designate Officers, including a Vice President, who also need to be Directors, with such duties, powers, titles, and privileges as the Board may fix, including such Officers as may be appointed in accordance with Section 8.6.5.

Section 8.2 Election of Officers

The Officers, except those appointed in accordance with Section 8.6.5, shall be elected by the Board at the annual meeting of the year of the Corporation for a term of three years, and each shall serve at the discretion of the Board until their successor shall be elected, or their earlier resignation or removal. Officers may be elected for [3] consecutive terms.

Section 8.3 Removal of Officers

Subject to the rights, any Officer may be removed, with cause, (i) by the Board, at any regular or special meeting of the Board, or (ii) at the annual meeting of the Corporation.

Section 8.4 Resignation of Officers

Any Officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Corporation. Any resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of that notice or at any later time specified in that notice; and, unless otherwise specified in that notice, the acceptance of the resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. Any resignation is without prejudice to the rights, if any, of the Corporation under any contract to which the Officer is a party.

Section 8.5 Vacancies in Offices

A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in these Bylaws for regular appointments to that office, provided that such vacancies shall be filled as they occur. In the event of a vacancy in any office other than the President or one appointed in accordance with Section 8.6.5, such vacancy shall be filled temporarily by appointment of the Board of Directors, as approved by a majority, and the appointee shall remain in office until the next Assembly.

Section 8.6 Responsibilities of Officers

8.6.1 President

The president of the Corporation (the “President”) shall preside at meetings of the Board as required by Section 6.13, and exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Board or prescribed by these Bylaws.

8.6.1.1 Notices

The President shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the Board in accordance with these Bylaws.

8.6.2 Vice President

The vice president of the Corporation (the "Vice President"), if any, shall, in the absence or disability of the President, perform all the duties of the President and, when so acting, have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. The Vice President shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board.

8.6.3 Secretary

The secretary of the Corporation (the "Secretary") shall certify and keep or cause to be kept the original or a copy of these Bylaws as amended to date at such location, whether physical or electronic, as may be designated by the Board of Directors; and keep or cause to be kept a minute book as described in Section 11.1.

Upon request, the Secretary shall exhibit or cause to be exhibited at all reasonable times to any Director, or to their agent or attorney, these Bylaws and the minute book.

8.6.4 Treasurer

The Treasurer of the Corporation (the "Treasurer") shall attend to the following:

8.6.4.1 Books of Account

The Treasurer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of accounts of the properties and transactions of the Corporation, including accounts of its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, losses, capital, retained earnings, and other matters customarily included in financial statements. The books of account shall be open to inspection by any Director at all reasonable times.

8.6.4.2 Financial Reports

The Treasurer shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify, or cause to be certified, the financial statements to be included in any required reports.

8.6.4.3 Deposit and Disbursement of Money and Valuables

The Treasurer shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, all money and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the Corporation with such depositories as may be designated by the Board; shall disburse, or cause to be disbursed, the funds of the Corporation as may be ordered by the Board; shall render, or cause to be rendered to the President and Directors, whenever they request it, an account of all of their transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation; and shall have other powers and perform such other duties incident to the office of Treasurer as may be prescribed by the Board or these Bylaws.

8.6.5 Additional Officers

The Board may appoint or remove such other Officers as the business of the Corporation may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as are provided in these Bylaws or as the Board from time to time may determine.

ARTICLE 9 TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN CORPORATION AND DIRECTORS OR OFFICERS; DISCLOSURE OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Section 9.1 Transactions with Directors and Officers

9.1.1 Interested Party Transactions

Except as described in Section 9.1.2, the Corporation shall not be a party to any transaction: (a) in which one or more of its Directors or Officers has a material financial interest, or with any corporation, firm, association, or other entity in which one or more Directors or Officers has a material financial interest.

9.1.2 Requirements to Authorize Interested Party Transactions

9.1.2.1 By the Board of Directors

The Corporation shall not be a party to any transaction described in Section 9.1.1 unless:

(a) The Corporation enters into the transaction for its own benefit.

(b) The transaction is fair and reasonable to the Corporation at the time the transaction is entered into;

(c) Prior to consummating the transaction or any part thereof, the Board authorizes or approves the transaction in good faith, by a vote of a majority of Directors then in office (without counting the vote of the interested Directors), and with knowledge of the material facts concerning the transaction and the interested Director's or Officer's financial interest in the transaction;

(d) Prior to authorizing or approving the transaction, the Board considers and in good faith determines, after reasonable investigation, that the Corporation could not obtain a more advantageous arrangement with reasonable effort under the circumstances; and

(e) The minutes of the Board meeting at which such action was taken reflect that the Board considered and made the findings described in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this Section 9.1.2.

Section 9.2 Duty to Disclose Actual and Potential Conflicts of Interest

Directors and Officers shall make an appropriate disclosure of all material facts, including the existence of any financial interest, at any time that any actual or potential conflict of interest arises. This disclosure obligation includes instances in which a Director or Officer knows of the potential for an interested party transaction related to their interests.

ARTICLE 10 INDEMNIFICATION

Section 10.1 Provision

Each individual serving or having served as Director or Officer, of the Corporation shall be indemnified in the circumstances and to the full extent permitted by law, against any and all costs, expenses and financial consequences of whatever nature, including legal fees actually incurred in connection with any action, suit or legal proceeding of any kind in which such an individual is a defendant by reason of serving or having served as a Director or an Officer, of the Corporation. This indemnification shall also extend to any individual made a party defendant to any actions, suits, or legal proceedings referenced in the preceding sentence by reason of the fact that his testator or intestate served as Director or Officer of the Corporation.

Section 10.2 Advance of Expenses

Expenses incurred in defending any proceeding may be advanced by the Corporation before the final disposition of the proceeding on receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Agent to repay the amount of the advance unless it is determined ultimately that the Agent is entitled to be indemnified as authorized in this Article 10.

Section 10.3 Insurance

The Board may adopt a resolution authorizing the purchase and maintenance of insurance on behalf of any Officer or Director against any liability asserted against or incurred by any Officer or Director in such capacity or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against the liability under the provisions in this Article 10.

ARTICLE 11 CORPORATE RECORDS AND REPORTS

Section 11.1 Minute Book

The Corporation shall keep a minute book which shall contain a record of all actions by the Board or any committee including (i) the time, date and place of each meeting; (ii) whether a meeting is regular or special and, if special, how called; (iii) the manner of giving notice of each meeting and a copy thereof; (iv) the names of those present at each meeting of the Board or any Committee thereof; (v) the minutes of all meetings; (vi) any written waivers of notice, consents to the holding of a meeting or approvals of the minutes thereof; (vii) all written consents for action without a meeting; (viii) all protests concerning lack of notice; and (ix) formal dissents from Board actions. The minute book may either be in written form or in any other form capable of being converted into clearly legible tangible form.

Section 11.2 Directors' Rights of Inspection

Every Director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect the books, records, documents of every kind, and physical properties of the Corporation and each of its subsidiaries. The inspection may be made in person or by the Director's agent or

attorney. The right of inspection includes the right to copy and make extracts of documents.

ARTICLE 12 CONSTRUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

Unless the context requires otherwise, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions of California Law shall govern the construction of these Bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the above, the singular number includes the plural, the plural number includes the singular, and the term “person” includes both legal entities and natural persons. All references to statutes, regulations, and laws shall include any future statutes, regulations, and laws that replace those referenced.

ARTICLE 13 AMENDMENTS

The Board may adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws. Such power is subject to the following limitations:

(a) Where any provision of these Bylaws requires the vote of a larger proportion of the Directors than otherwise is required by law, such provision may not be altered, amended, or repealed except by the vote of such greater number.

(b) No amendment may extend the term of a Director beyond that for which such Director was elected.

(c) No amendment may add a provision that conflicts with law or the Corporation’s Articles of Incorporation.

Presented at the July 25, 2026 Southern California World Service Area Assembly.